Draft disclaimer and other non-expenditure provisions Provisions modified since July meeting marked by yellow highlighting

4501.0100 DEFINITIONS

[For text of subparts 1 – 3, see M.R.]

Supb. 3a. **Campaign material.** "Campaign material" has the meaning given this term in Minnesota Statutes section 211B.01, subdivision 2.

[For text of subparts 4-9, see M.R.]

4501.0500 FILINGS, SUBMISSIONS, AND DISCLOSURES.

[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 1a. Completion of filing. A filing with the board is complete upon:

A. receipt in the board office of the document being filed, bearing the original signature of the person responsible for filing the document;

B. receipt of a facsimile transmission of the document, subject to subpart 2 Minnesota Statutes section 10A.025, subdivision 1a;

C. the postmark date of a first class or certified mailing of the document being filed, properly addressed to the board at its current address; or

D. the successful submission of an electronic file to the board.

[For text of subparts 3-4, see M.R.]

4501.0200 SECURITIES.

Subpart 1. **Items which are securities.** For purposes of Minnesota Statutes chapter 10A and Minnesota Rules chapters 4501 through 4525, securities include any stock, share, bond, warrant, option, pledge, note, mortgage, debenture, lease, or commercial paper, in any corporation, partnership, mutual fund, trust, or other association.

Subp. 2. **Items which are not securities.** For purposes of Minnesota Statutes chapter 10A and Minnesota Rules chapters 4501 through 4525, securities do not include deposits in a savings account, certificates of deposit, money market certificates, treasury bills, bonds or notes, dividends from securities, <u>shares in a mutual fund or exchange traded fund</u>, <u>annuities</u> or holdings in a <u>defined benefit</u> pension <u>or retirement</u> plan.

Subp. 3. **Holder of securities.** A "holder of securities" is an individual having an ownership interest in a security, or who is the trustee or beneficiary of a trust having an ownership in a security. An individual owning shares in a mutual fund does not have an ownership interest in underlying securities owned by the fund.

Subp. 4. **Valuation of securities.** The value of a security is its fair market value. For securities traded on national exchanges, the fair market value is the closing bid price for the

Commented [PJ(2]: This provision is added to correct a reference to a rule part that was moved to statute during the last legislative session.

Commented [PJ(1]: This definition is needed for the

disclaimer section below

Commented [PJ(3]: This amendment is intended to remove mutual and exchange traded funds from the list of securities that must be disclosed on a statement of economic interest.

This amendment was in the potential technical changes

Commented [PJ(4]: At the meeting, the committee will discuss whether to include annuities in the list of securities or in the list of items which are not securities.

Commented [PJ(5]: There has been much confusion about whether "retirement plan" refers to a 401(k) or an IRA. Consequently, language has been added specifying that only defined benefit pension plans are excluded from the definition of securities. Defined benefit plans are excluded because the beneficiaries do not have control over the investments held by those plans. Beneficiaries of 401(k) and other IRA plans, however, can direct the investments held by those plans.

security on a given date. The value of a partial interest in a security is the value of the holder's proportionate share.

Subp. 5. **Exception for charitable trusts.** Trustees of associations organized for charitable, philanthropic, religious, social service, educational, or other public use or purpose are not holders of securities owned by the associations.

Subp. 6. Exception for blind trusts. When a trust is organized to prevent the beneficiary from having any knowledge of the assets held by the trust, the beneficiary of the trust is not required to report the underlying securities owned by the trust.	Commented [PJ(6]: This provision ensures that beneficiaries of blind trusts are not required to report trust assets of which they are supposed to have no knowledge.
4503.0500 CONTRIBUTIONS	
[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]	
Subp. 2. Time of receipt of contributions.	Commented [PJ(7]: These amendments are intended to
A. A monetary contribution <u>not made through electronic means</u> is received by a political committee or political fund, for reporting and contribution limit purposes, when the instrument conveying the contribution, such as cash, check, or money order, is physically received by the treasurer, the candidate, or a committee or fund worker.	clarify when contributions made through electronic means are received. They were in the potential technical package.
B. A contribution delivered through the <u>United States</u> mail is received on the date the mail is gathered from the delivery point by the treasurer, the candidate, or a committee or fund worker.	
C. A monetary contribution made through electronic means is received for purposes of the registration requirements in section 10A.14; the reporting requirements in section 10A.20; the sessional contribution prohibition in section 10A.273; and the affidavit of contributions	Commented [SJ(8]: This section provides that for the various reporting deadlines and cutoff requirements of 10A the date the electronic contribution is made is used.
requirement in section 10A.323, on the date that the contributor makes the contribution to the contribution processor.	
D. A monetary contribution made through electronic means is received for purposes of the deposit requirements in section 10A.15, subdivision 3, on the date that the treasurer, the candidate, or a committee or fund worker has access to the funds under the terms of the	Commented [SJ(9]: This section provides that the deposit deadline is set when the electronic contribution may be downloaded to the committee account.
agreement with the contribution processor. [For text of subparts 3 – 9, see M.R.]	
Subp 10. Electronic contribution processors. An organization that provides contribution processing and delivery services, when acting in the ordinary course of business by collecting and disbursing contributions to a committee or fund that was designated by the contributor, is not required to register under Minnesota Statutes section 10A.14 or report under Minnesota Statutes section 10A.20.	Commented [PJ(10]: This amendment is to clarify that contribution processors do not need to register or report under Chapter 10A.
4503.1300 GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.	
[For text of subparts 1-3, see M.R.]	
Subp. 4. Contribution limits for governor and lieutenant governor before and after	Commented [P](11] . This amendment is added to correct a

Subp. 4. Contribution limits for governor and lieutenant governor before and after merger of separate committees. Prior to the merger of separate principal campaign committees for governor and lieutenant governor, each committee may accept contributions up

Commented [PJ(11]: This amendment is added to correct a reference to a rule part that was moved into statute during the last legislative session.

to the limits set forth in Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.27, subdivision 1, clause (a), for governor and lieutenant governor running together. After the merger of the committees, contributions to either committee from a single source must be aggregated in determining whether the contribution limit for the joint committee has been reached or exceeded. If the limit has been exceeded, contributions must be returned in accordance with subpart 5 Minnesota Statutes section 10A.27, subdivision 16a.

[For text of subparts 5-6, see M.R.]

4503.1400 PUBLIC SUBSIDY AGREEMENTS.

[For text of subparts 1-3, see M.R.]

Subp. 3a. Effect on contributions to independent expenditure committees and funds. By signing a public subsidy agreement, a candidate agrees that the provision in Minnesota Statutes section 10A.25, subdivision 3a, prohibiting a candidate's principal campaign committee from making independent expenditures also prohibits a candidate's principal campaign committee from making contributions to independent expenditure political committees or funds.

Subp. 10. Special elections held under Minnesota Statutes section 204B.13, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). The filing deadlines below apply to a special election held under Minnesota Statutes section 204B.13, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), for which there is no filing period:

- A. <u>The candidate must sign and submit the public subsidy agreement to the board not</u> later than eight calendar days after the general election.
- B. <u>The candidate must submit the affidavit of contributions not later than 12 calendar</u> <u>days after the general election.</u>

4503.1900 DISCLAIMERS

Subpart 1. Written independent expenditures in opposition to a candidate. A written independent expenditure in opposition to a candidate that uses the language below in the communication satisfies the disclaimer requirements in Minnesota Statutes section 10A.17, subdivision 4, and Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04:

This is an independent expenditure in opposition to(insert candidate name) prepared and paid for by (insert name of entity participating in the expenditure),(insert address). It is not coordinated with or approved by any candidate nor is any candidate responsible for it.

Subp. 2. Written independent expenditures in support of a candidate. A written independent expenditure in support of a candidate that uses the language below in the communication satisfies the disclaimer requirements in Minnesota Statutes section 10A.17, subdivision 4, and Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04:

This is an independent expenditure in support of(insert candidate name) prepared and paid for by(insert name of entity participating in the expenditure),(insert address). It is not coordinated with or approved by any candidate nor is any candidate responsible for it. **Commented [PJ(12]:** This provision enacts Advisory Opinion 412 into rule.

Commented [PJ(13]: This provision specifies how to administer the deadlines for the public subsidy program when a special election is called to fill a vacancy in nomination under section 204B.13, subdivision 1, paragraph (c). These special elections do not have filing periods like a typical special election. Instead, the political party with the vacancy in nomination has until 7 days after the general election to submit the name of the party's candidate. The rule part applies the deadlines applicable to typical special elections (1 day after the filing period closes for the agreement; five days after the filing period closes for the affidavit) to the deadline for submitting the name of the party's new candidate (7 days after the general election).

Although the rule says "calendar days," the provision in Minn. R. 4501.0500, subpart 3, stating that when a filing date falls on a weekend or holiday, the filing date moves to the next business day would still be applicable.

Commented [PJ(14]: This section specifies language that would satisfy the disclaimer requirement for independent expenditures and the disclaimer requirement for campaign material. It also specifies language that would satisfy the statutory disclaimer requirements in other common situations not explicitly discussed in those statutes.

Commented [PJ(15]: This phrase was added in the independent expenditure disclaimer subparts to tie the disclaimer for those expenditures to the new coordination rules.

The word "written" was added to subparts 1 through 5 to differentiate these communications from the new provision regarding broadcast communications.

Subp. 3. Written independent expenditures that name both the candidate supported and the candidate opposed. A written independent expenditure that names both the candidate that the communication supports and the candidate that the communication opposes satisfies the disclaimer requirements in Minnesota Statutes section 10A.17, subdivision 4, and Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04 if the communication includes the disclaimer language specified in subpart 2.

Subp. 34. Written independent expenditures that name more than one candidate supported or more than one candidate opposed. When a written independent expenditure names more than one candidate supported or names more than one candidate opposed, the disclaimer must

- A. <u>include the names of each candidate supported or opposed by the communication;</u> <u>or</u>
- B. use the phrase "the candidates named" in place of the list described in item A.

Subp. 45. Written independent expenditures without cost. If a written independent expenditure is produced and disseminated without cost, the words "and paid for" may be omitted from the disclaimer.

Subp. 5. Independent expenditures; broadcast media. A. An independent expenditure disseminated through broadcast media that uses the language below in the communication satisfies the disclaimer requirements in Minnesota Statutes section 10A.17, subdivision 4, and Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04:

This independent expenditure is paid for by (insert name of entity participating in the expenditure). It is not coordinated with or approved by any candidate nor is any candidate responsible for it.

B. An independent expenditure produced and broadcast without cost that uses the language below in the communication satisfies the disclaimer requirements in Minnesota Statutes section 10A.17, subdivision 4, and Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04:

..... (insert name of entity participating in the expenditure) is responsible for the contents of this independent expenditure. It is not coordinated with or approved by any candidate nor is any candidate responsible for it.

Subp. 67. Independent expenditures; more than one participant. When more than one entity participates in making an independent expenditure that requires a disclaimer under Minnesota Statutes section 10A.17, subdivision 4, the name of every participating entity must be included in the disclaimer. In written communications, the address of each entity must be listed after the entity's name.

Subp. 78. Campaign material; more than one participant. When more than one entity participates in the preparation or dissemination of campaign material that requires a disclaimer, under Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04, paragraph (a), the name of every participating entity must be included in the disclaimer. In written communications, the address of each entity must be listed after the entity's name.

Subp. 89. Disclaimer requirements; services for a constituent. Communications prepared as services for a constituent under Minnesota Statutes section 10A.01, subdivision 26,

Commented [PJ(16]: Because all independent expenditures implicitly support one candidate and oppose another, this subpart is being deleted to allow the spender to decide whether the piece is in support of or in opposition to a candidate and to then use the appropriate disclaimer.

Commented [PJ(17]: This subpart was amended to allow a communication specifically referring to more than one candidate to use a shorthand phrase to refer to all candidates in the piece.

Commented [PJ(18]: Jeff, I think that we have to leave A in, otherwise there is no specific provision that requires all candidates to be included in the disclaimer. So even though everyone will ignore A, I think that we have to have it in there to ensure that including the names or the phrase is a requirement.

Commented [PJ(19]: This subpart was added to address the statutory requirements for disclaimers on broadcast media. The word "written" was added to subparts 1 through 5 to ensure that those requirements apply only to written and not broadcast communications.

Commented [PJ(20]: Subparts 7 and 8 (new subparts 6 and 7) were changed to specify that the address requirement only applies to written communications.

paragraph (6), must include the disclaimer required by Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04 when the communications are disseminated after adjournment sine die of the legislature in the election year for the office held.

Subp. 940. Disclaimer requirements; type sizes. A disclaimer in a written communication satisfies the requirement in Minnesota Statutes section 10A.17, subdivision 4, that an independent expenditure disclaimer be in conspicuous type and the requirement in Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04 that campaign material prominently include a disclaimer when the disclaimer meets the following type size requirements:

- A. <u>For written communications other than an outdoor sign, website, or social media</u> page, the disclaimer is printed in at least 8 point type.
- B. For written communications on a website or social media page, the disclaimer is printed in the same point type as the majority of the text in the body of the website or social media page.

Subp. 1044. Disclaimer requirements; homepages of websites and social media pages. The disclaimer requirements in Minnesota Statutes section 10A.17, subdivision 4, and Minnesota Statutes section 211B.04 are satisfied for an entire website or social media page when the required disclaimer appears once on the homepage of the site.

Subp. 11. Disclaimer requirements; outdoor signs. For written communications on an outdoor sign, the disclaimer must be set apart from and printed in a color that is in high contrast to the other contents of the communication.

4525.0330 SUBMISSION TO BOARD; MATTERS UNDER STAFF REVIEW RESOLVED BY CONCILIATION AGREEMENT.

<u>Supbart 1. Matter under staff review resolved by conciliation agreement.</u> A matter under staff review that is resolved by conciliation agreement under part 4525.0320 must be presented to the board for approval at a meeting closed to the public under part 4525.0200, subpart 5.

The respondent must be given an opportunity to be heard by the board prior to the board's decision regarding the agreement.

The executive director must send notice of the meeting to the respondent. The notice must be sent not later than the time that the agreement is provided to the board and must include a copy of the agreement. The notice must include the date of the meeting at which the board will consider the matter and a statement that the respondent has the opportunity to be heard by the board before the board's determination regarding the agreement.

A conciliation agreement made under part 4525.0320 to resolve a matter under staff review is final only after the board approves the agreement.

If the board does not approve a conciliation agreement to resolve a matter under staff review, the board must lay the matter over until its next meeting and:

A. provide guidance and direct the executive director to continue the staff review; or

Commented [PJ(21]: The rules do not set font sizes for all communications because there was no way to craft requirements that fit all written communications. The current provisions create safe harbors for three types of commonly-used communications.

Commented [PJ(22]: This language was added to specify that the disclaimer should be in the same text size as the majority of the text on the page.

Commented [PJ(23]: This provision is being deleted because requirements that worked on all signs could not be developed.

Commented [PJ(24]: The amendments to parts 4525.0330 and 4525.0340 make it possible for staff reviews to be resolved immediately through closure or the prompt issuance of findings.

B. direct the executive director to prepare the matter for resolution by the board without an agreement pursuant to part 4525.0340.

If an agreement proposed under this subpart is not approved by the board, any admissions by the respondent and any remedial steps taken or agreed to by the respondent are not evidence of a violation in any subsequent proceeding.

Subp. 2. Matter under staff review resolved; no violation. The executive director must close a matter under staff review when the staff review establishes that no violation of the campaign finance laws has occurred. The executive director must report the closure of the matter to the board at a meeting closed to the public under part 4525.0200, subpart 5, and must send notice of the closure to the respondent.

Subp. 3. Matter under staff review resolved without formal investigation. A matter under staff review that is resolved without a formal investigation under part 4525.0340 must be submitted to the board for approval at a meeting closed to the public under part 4525.0200. subpart 5.

The respondent must be given an opportunity to be heard by the board prior to the board's decision regarding the staff review.

The executive director must send notice of the meeting to the respondent. The notice must be sent not later than the time when the written document resolving the matter is provided to the board and must include a copy of the written document resolving the matter. The notice must include the date of the meeting at which the board will consider the matter and a statement that the respondent has the opportunity to be heard by the board before the board's determination regarding the resolution of the staff review.

<u>A written document concluding a matter under staff review without a formal investigation</u> is final only after the board approves the document.

If the board does not approve the written document resolving a matter under staff review without a formal investigation, the board must:

A. provide guidance and direct the executive director to continue the staff review;

B. initiate a formal investigation of the matter; or

C. direct the executive director to prepare the matter for resolution by the board pursuant to part 4525.0340.

If a written document resolving a staff review without a formal investigation under this subpart is not approved by the board, any admissions by the respondent and any remedial steps taken or agreed to by the respondent are not evidence of a violation in any subsequent proceeding.

4525.0340 SUBMISSION TO BOARD; BOARD-INITIATED INVESTIGATIONS-AND NOT RESOLVED BY CONCILIATION AGREEMENT.

Subpart 1. **Submission to board.** The executive director must submit the following matters to the board for decision under this part:

A. a matter under staff review that is not resolved by conciliation agreement under parts 4525.0320 and 4525.0330; and

B. any other matter that the board is to consider for the authorization of a formal investigation, other than a matter arising from a filed complaint.

The submission must be in writing, must describe the potential violation involved, and must include any supporting information. The submission must explain the actions undertaken in any summary proceedings and any points of disagreement preventing resolution of the matter.

The respondent must be given an opportunity to be heard by the board prior to the board's decision regarding the submission.

The executive director must send notice of the submission to the respondent. The notice must be sent not later than the time that the submission is provided to the board and must include a copy of the submission. The notice must include the date of the meeting at which the board will consider the matter, and a statement that the respondent has the opportunity to be heard by the board before the board's determination regarding the submission.

Subp. 2 **Board action on submission.** When it receives a submission under this part, the board must take one of the following actions:

A. provide guidance and direct the executive director to begin or to continue a staff review;

- B. dismiss the matter without prejudice;
- C. order a formal investigation of the matter; or
- D. issue findings, conclusions, and an order resolving the matter.

The board must consider the evidence in the executive director's submission and the information and arguments in any statement submitted by the respondent.

In making its determination, the board must consider the type of possible violation; the magnitude of the violation if it is a financial violation; the extent of knowledge or intent of the violator; the benefit of formal findings, conclusions, and orders compared to informal resolution of the matter; the availability of board resources; whether the violation has been remedied; and any other similar factor necessary to decide whether the matter under review warrants a formal investigation.

Unless the board directs the executive director to continue an existing staff review, the board's determination must be made in writing. The executive director must promptly notify the respondent of the board's determination.

[For text of subpart 3, see M.R.]